

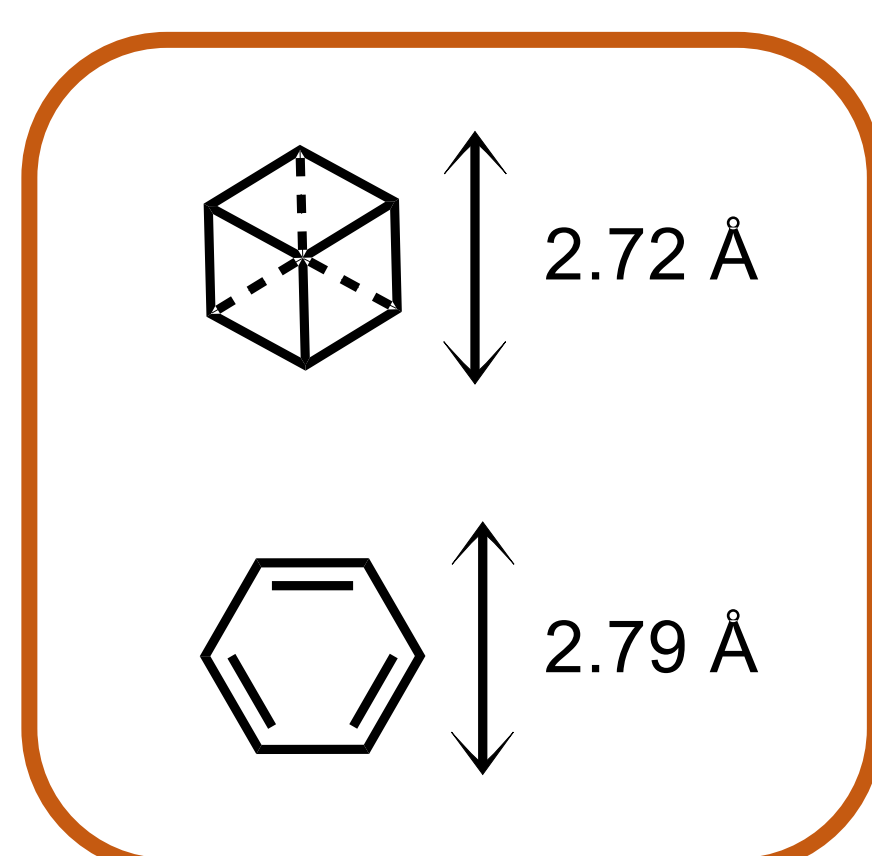
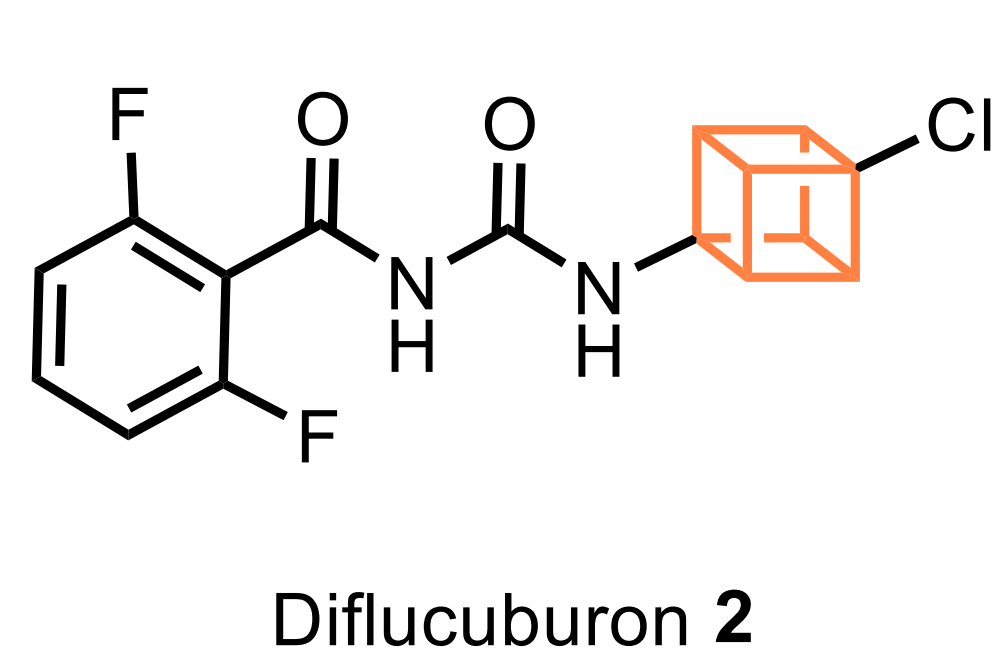
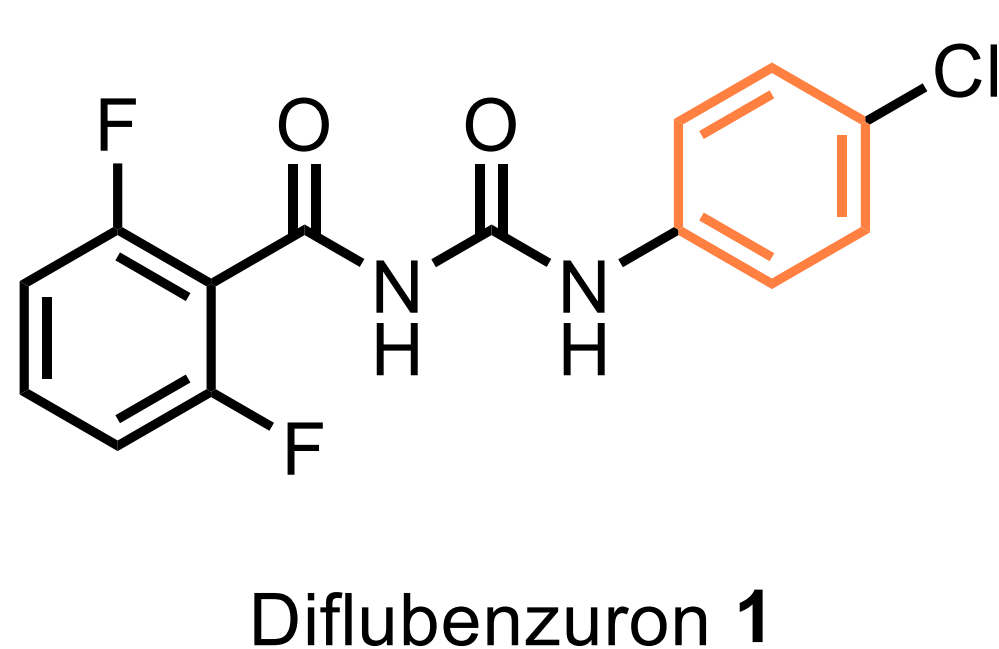
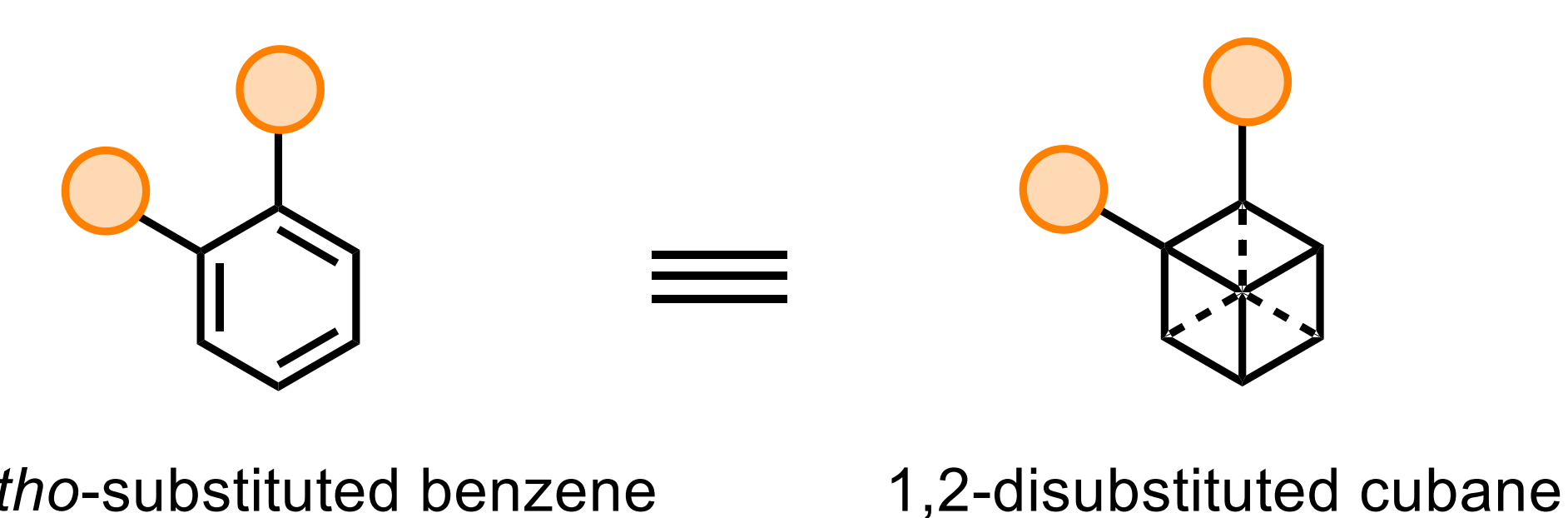
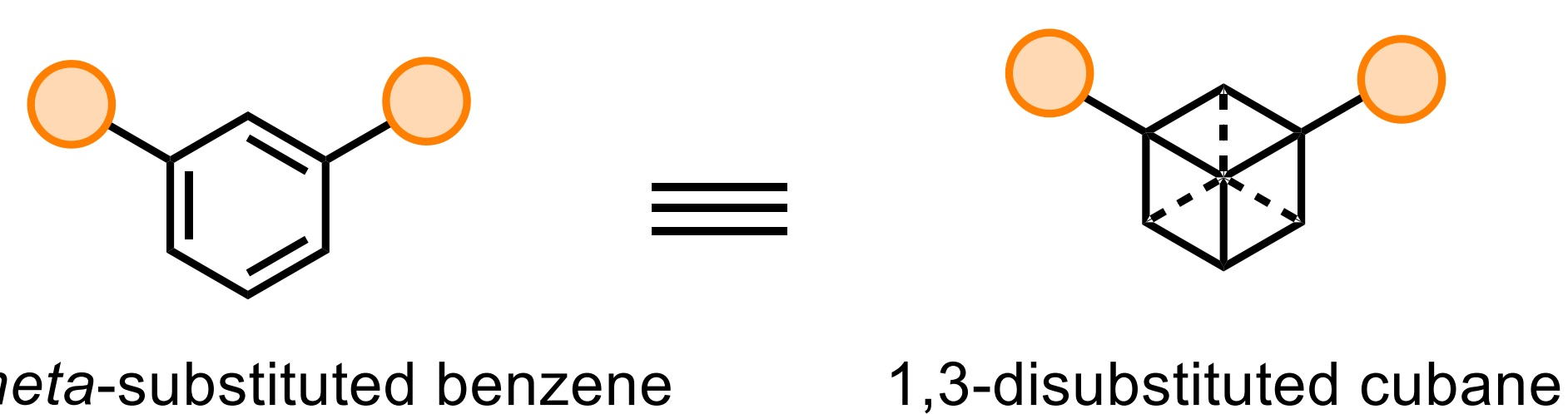
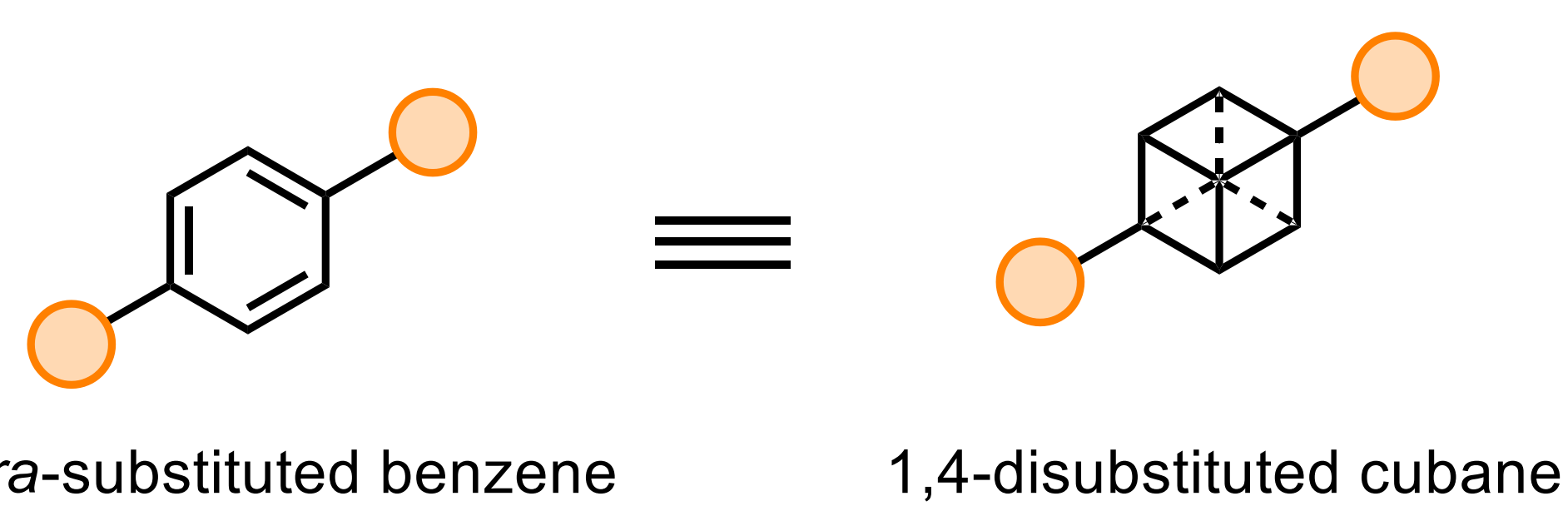
Exploring Cubanes as Bioisosteres of Benzene Rings: Towards the Synthesis of 1,3-Disubstituted Cubanes

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Cubane: A 3D Scaffold of Interest



• Caged polycyclic carbocycles that are highly strained, but remarkably stable.

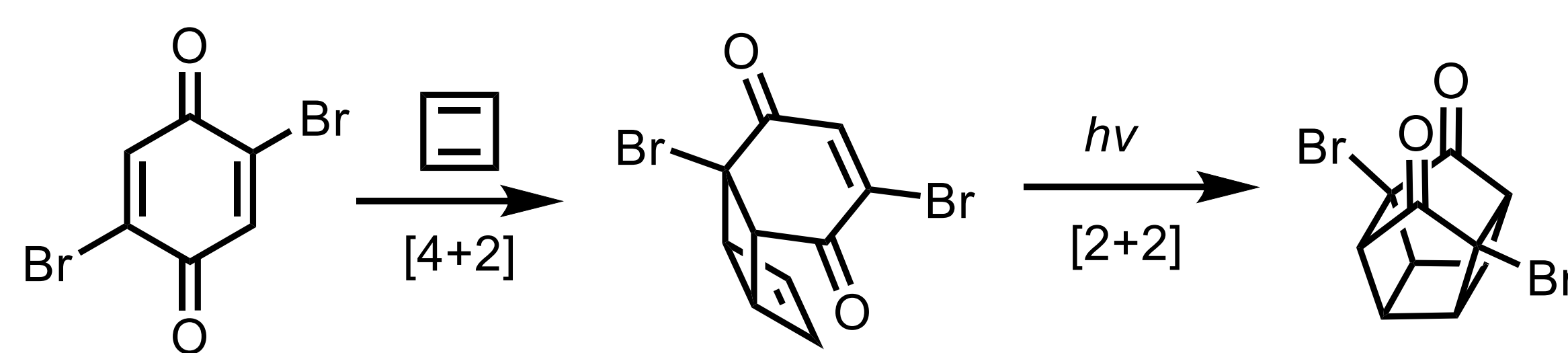
• Potential bioisosteres for benzene rings, with diflucuburon **2** being more potent than diflubenzuron **1**.¹

• Greater three-dimensionality allows access to more chemical space than flat, aromatic systems.

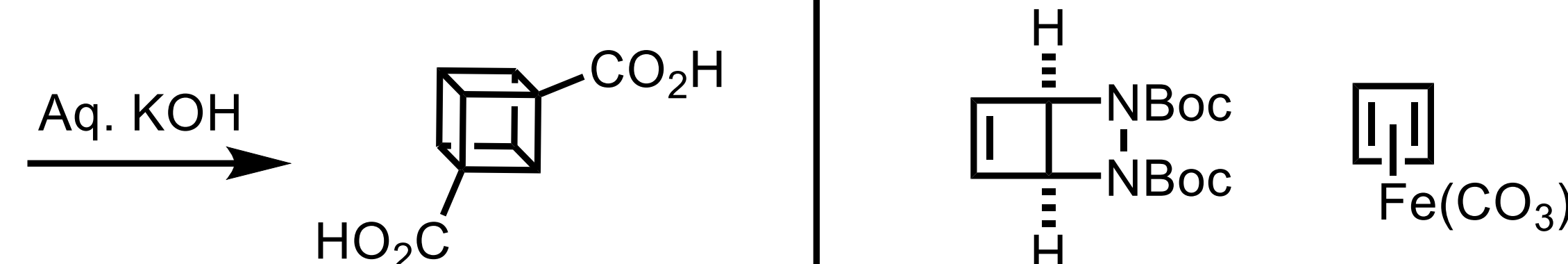
• Only mono- and 1,4-disubstituted cubanes have been explored as terminal and para-benzene bioisosteres.^{1,2}

Previous Work

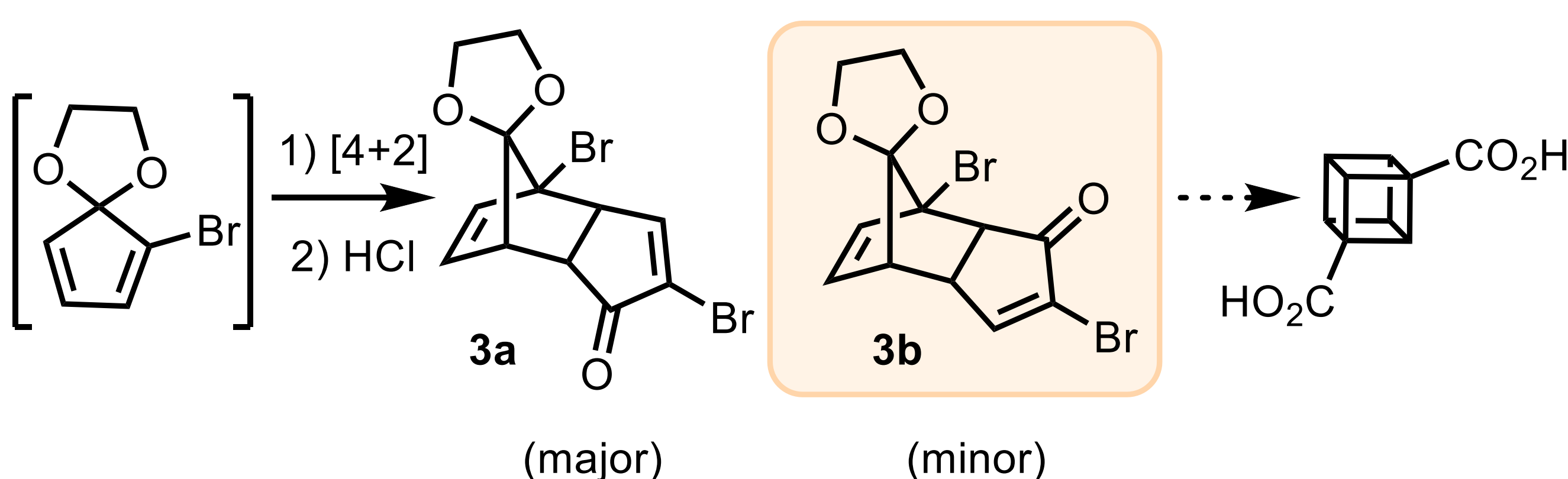
a) Macmillan and Pettit Routes to 1,3-Disubstituted Cubanes.^{3,4}



via cyclobutadiene precursors:

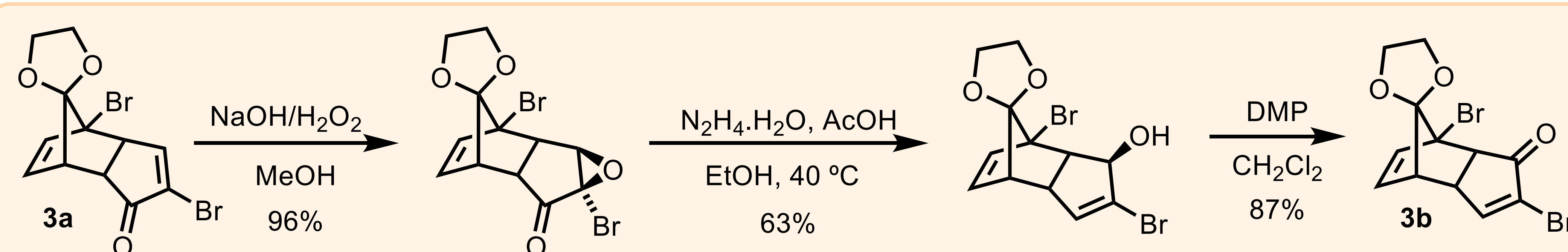
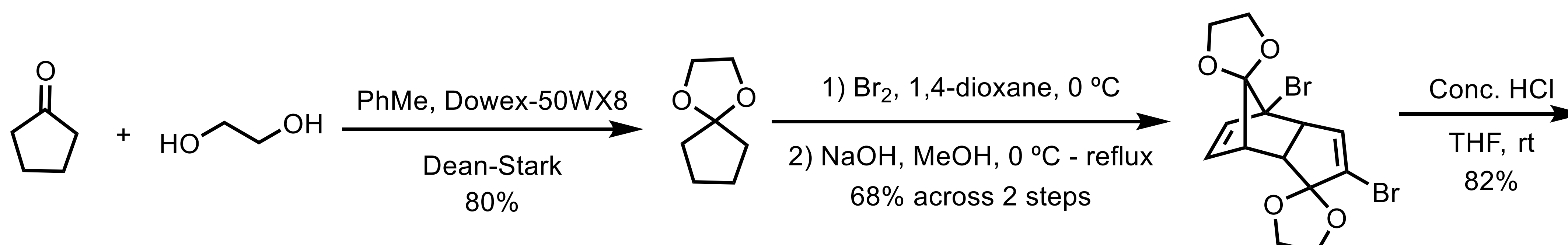


b) Ueda's Route to 1,3-Disubstituted Cubanes.⁵



• Inaccessible starting materials and/or not suitable for scale-up.

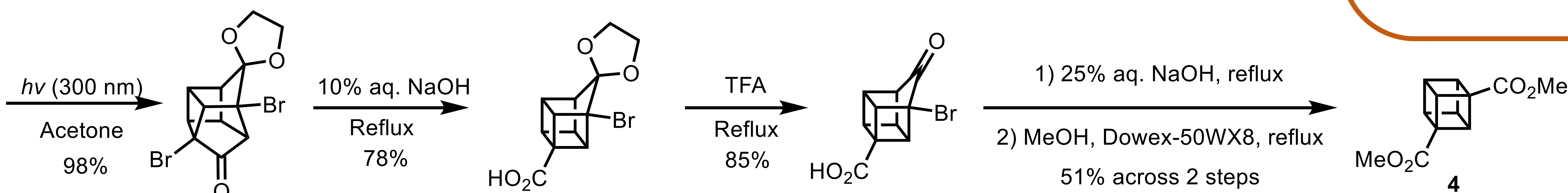
New Approach to 1,3-Disubstituted Cubanes



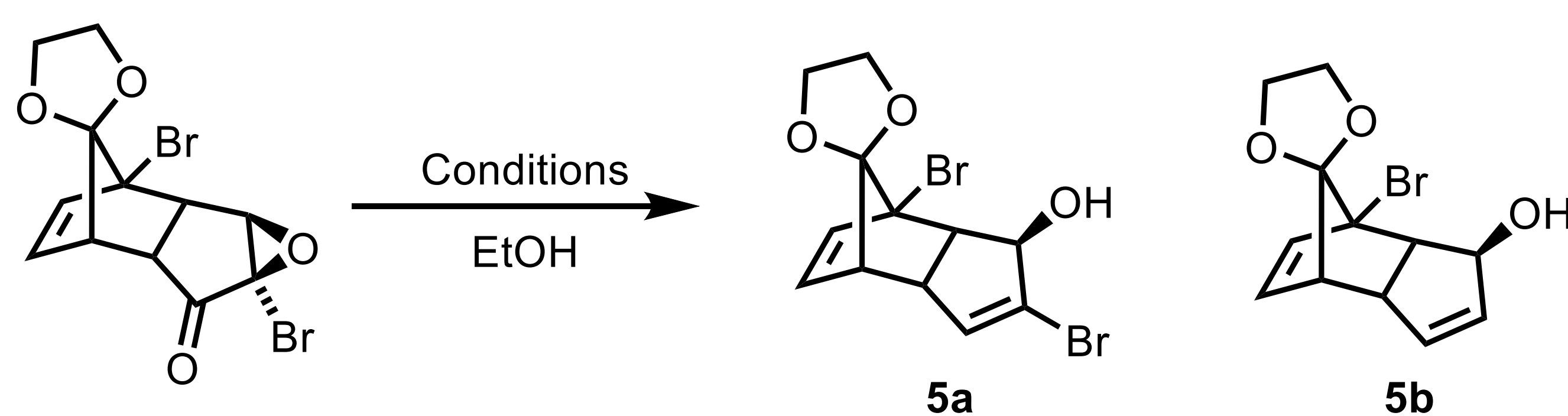
• Route focuses on redirecting a key intermediate (**3a**) in Chapman's synthesis of 1,4-disubstituted cubanes.⁶

• Three-step transformation to access isomeric enone **3b**.

• Allows access to cubane **4** on a multigram scale, using limited purifications.

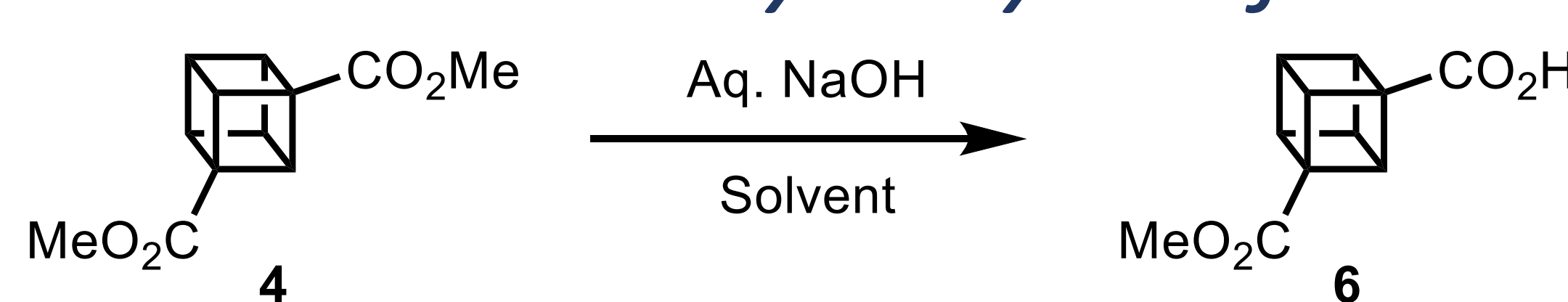


Wharton Reaction Optimisation



Entry	Reagent (equiv.)	Acid (equiv.)	Temp. (°C)	Time (h)	5a:5b
1	N ₂ H ₄ .H ₂ O (3)	AcOH (2)	rt	5	7.5:1
2	N ₂ H ₄ .H ₂ O (5)	AcOH (3)	rt	4	4.9:1
3	N ₂ H ₄ .H ₂ O (1.5)	AcOH (2)	rt	24	13.0:1
4	N ₂ H ₄ .H ₂ O (1.5)	AcOH (2)	0	24	7.8:1
5	N ₂ H ₄ .H ₂ O (1.5)	AcOH (2)	80	0.25	5.8:1
6	N ₂ H ₄ .H ₂ O (1.5)	AcOH (2)	40	1	11.7:1

Selective Hydrolysis of **4**



Entry	Conc. (M)	Solvent	Temp (°C)	Time (h)	Yield of 6
1	2.5	THF	rt	24	17
2	2.5	1,4-Dioxane	rt	24	0
3	2.5	MeOH	rt	24	60
4	2.5	MeOH	50	24	37
5	2.5	MeOH	0	24	34
6	1.0	MeOH	0	72	61

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